

Isranalytica Conference

David InterContinental Hotel Tel Aviv, Israel 8 February 2011

USP Monograph Initiatives

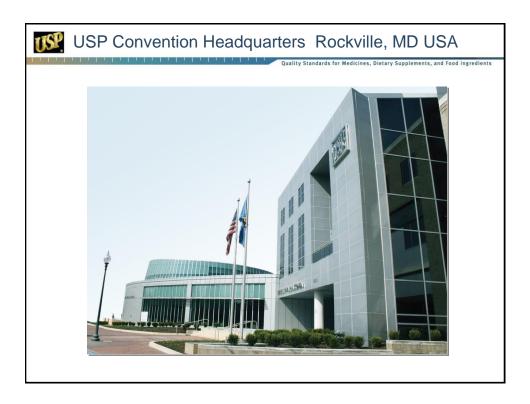
Karen A. Russo, Ph.D. Vice President, Small Molecules

Quality Standards for Medicines \perp Dietary Supplements \perp Food Ingredients



Quality Standards for Medicines, Dietary Supplements, and Food Ingredients

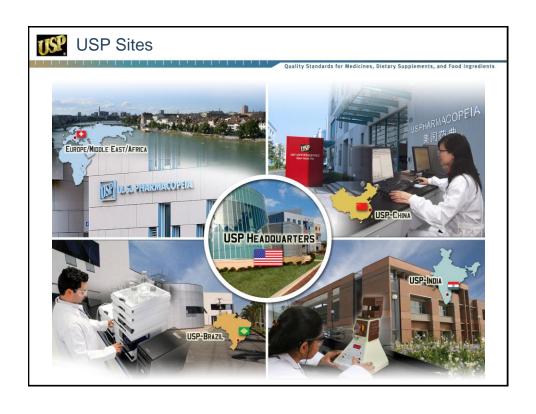
- **USP Overview**
- Monograph Modernization
- ▶ Flexible Monographs
- USP Pending Monographs

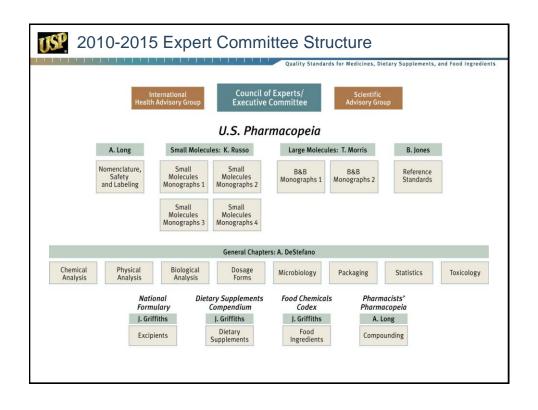




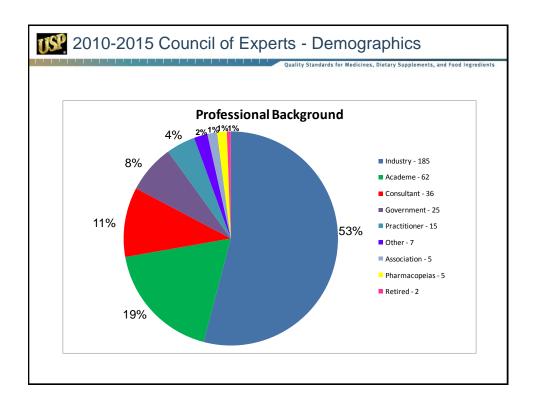
Quality Standards for Medicines, Dietary Supplements, and Food Ingredients

- Since 1820, nonprofit, private, independent, and self-funded
- Establishes public standards and related programs that help ensure the quality, safety, and benefit of medicines and foods
- ▶ Expert volunteers are scientific decision-makers
- ► Headquartered in Rockville, MD; 600+ employees; facilities in India, China, Switzerland, Brazil





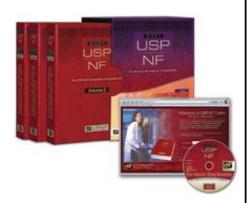
2010-2015 Council of Experts - Demographics 332 expert volunteers serving on 20 Expert Committees - 75 international experts from 22 countries: Argentina 1 Jordan Netherlands Australia Austria 1Belgium 1Brazil 3Capado Portugal Saudi Arabia South Korea
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
Taiwan
United 15 Canada 8 China Denmark 3France 2 United Kingdom 12 Germany India Israel





USP-NF

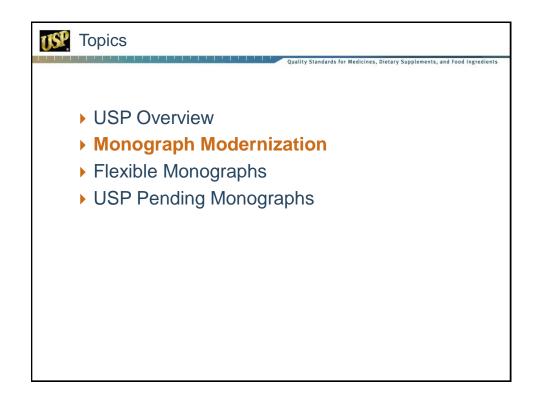
- Official authority— FDA-enforceable standards
- Time-tested. international resource
- More than 4,500 monographs
- Drug products and substances, excipients, dietary supplements, veterinary, biologics
- Continuously updated



Pharmacopeial Forum

- ▶ Free, online only as of 3 January 2011
- To broaden participation in the public review process
- ▶ Beginning with PF 37(1) [Jan-Feb 2011]
- Includes an archive back to PF 28 (2002)
- Contains only proposals for which USP is seeking public comments
 - In process revisions (new and revised monographs and general chapters)
 - Stimuli Articles
 - PDG Harmonization Stage 4 proposals
 - Proposed Interim Revision Announcements (i.e., an accelerated revision)
- One-time registration is required







Monograph Modernization

- Replacing outdated technology and methodology with more current procedures
- Adding critical tests to the monograph
- Deleting non-value added tests, as needed (e.g., odor test, melting point)
- Follows the USP standards-setting process (i.e., with publication in PF for 90-day comment period)
- Considerations
 - -Use procedures from other pharmacopeias (e.g, EP, BP)
 - Will the same limits apply?
 - -May need RS materials
 - -Revising the monograph "family", as needed



Monograph Modernization Needs: Major Categories

- No impurity test
- Non-specific Identification procedures
- Non-specific Assay procedures
- Packed column GC procedures
- Safety-related concerns (e.g., chlorinated solvents).
- TLC (particularly <466> Ordinary Impurities), UV, or wet chemistry test for impurities

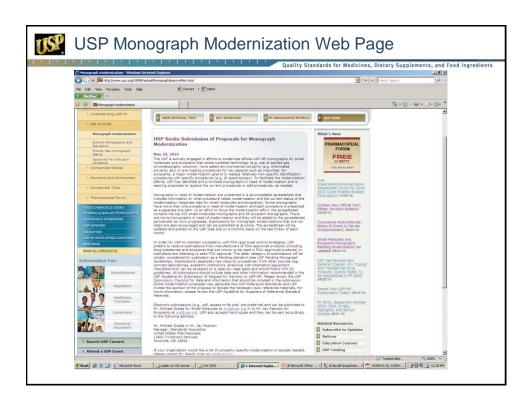
Monograph Modernization: Recent Examples

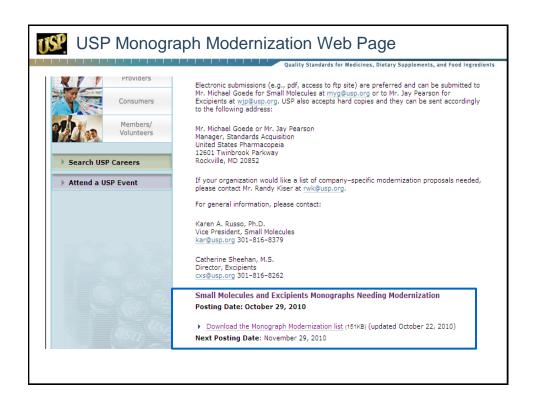
Monograph	PF Citation	Modernization
Alclometasone Dipropionate	PF 36(5) [Sep-Oct 2010]	Replace Ordinary Impurities by TLC with HPLC
Glycopyrrolate	PF 37(1) [Jan-Feb 2011]	Replace titration Assay with HPLC; replace Ordinary Impurities by TLC with HPLC; delete Melting Range or Temperature test; add test for Limit of Erythro Isomer by HPLC
Glycopyrrolate Tablets	PF 37(1) [Jan-Feb 2011]	Replace UV-based Assay and Dissolution procedure with HPLC; added impurities test
Spironolactone	PF 37(1) [Jan-Feb 2011]	Replace choloroform with alcohol in Specific Rotation test; replace <197S> using chloroform with <197K
Temazepam	PF 36(6) [Nov-Dec 2010]	Replace TLC-based impurities procedure with HPLC procedures; removed use of Internal Standard from the Assay

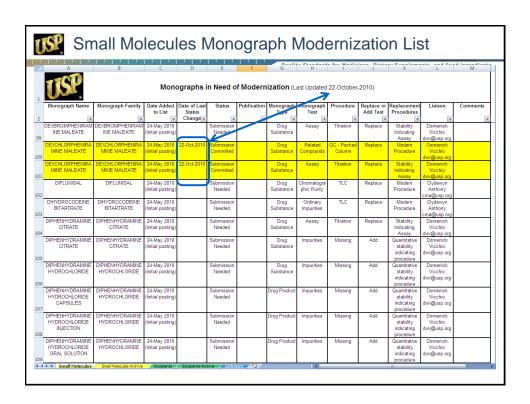


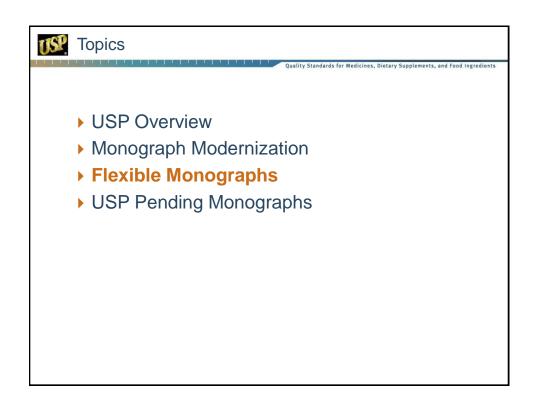
Monograph Modernization

- ▶ Significant focus for USP
- ▶USP labs used to generate data to support revisions
- Submissions from manufacturers encouraged
 - -See USP Fact Sheet on Donor Recognition
- ▶ USP Monograph Modernization Web Page
 - -Launched in May 2010
 - -Includes spreadsheet with top 200 small molecule monographs and 96 excipient monographs in need of modernization
 - -Monthly status updates (last Friday of the month, adjusted for holidays)
 - -Each month's status changes are highlighted in yellow
 - -http://www.usp.org/USPNF/submitMonograph/improveMon.html









Flexible Monograph Approach

- Need-based flexibility to account for different routes of synthesis, hydrates, solvates, polymorphs, or formulations
- Enables multiple procedures, preparations, and/or acceptance criteria within a single monograph
- Uses of the flexible approach
 - multiple formulation-specific dissolution procedures
 - multiple organic impurity procedures based on different impurity profiles
 - hydrate-specific water limits/ranges
 - polymorph-specific crystallinity requirement
- May need procedure-specific USP Reference Standards



Flexible Monographs: Examples

- Ethinyl Estradiol
- Loratadine
- Meloxicam
- Paclitaxel
- Paroxetine Hydrochloride
- Potassium Chloride Extended-Release Tablets
- Theophylline Extended-Release Capsules



Flexible Monograph Example: Paclitaxel

Labeling—The labeling indicates the type of process used to produce the material and the Related compounds test with which the material complies.

Related compounds—

Test 1 (for material labeled as isolated from natural sources)—If the material complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Related compounds Test 1.

Test 2 (for material labeled as produced by a semi-synthetic process)—If the material complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Related compounds Test 2

Test 3 (for material labeled as produced by a plant cell fermentation process)—If the material complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Related compounds Test 3.



Paroxetine Hydrochloride

Water, Method I <921>: not more than 1.5% for the anhydrous form and between 2.2% and 2.8% for the hemihydrate form.

Chromatographic purity—[note—On the basis of the synthetic route, perform either Test 1 or Test 2. Test 2 is recommended if paroxetine related compound F or paroxetine related compound G is a potential related compound.

Test 1— ...

Test 2 — ...



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USP Pending Monographs

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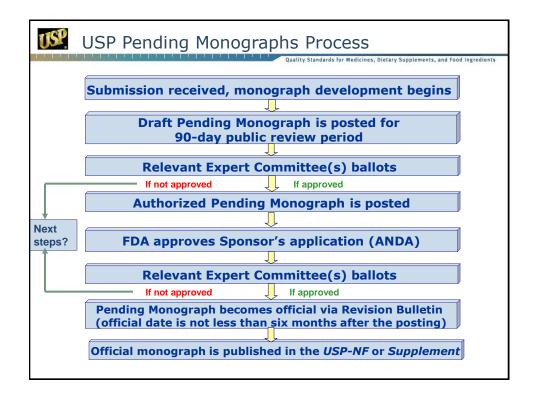
- Initiated in February 2007
- Web-based publication of monographs
- Enables monograph development and publication before FDA approval has been granted to a generic manufacturer
- Ultimate purpose is to have an official USP-NF monograph ready as soon as possible after FDA approval of an application (i.e., ANDA)
- Not legally enforceable



USP Pending Monographs: Requirements

Sponsors

- Who have filed or intend to file with FDA an Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) or Abbreviated New Animal Drug Application (ANADA) within six months; or
- Who have filed or intend to file with FDA a Biosimilar or Interchangeable Biologics License Application (a Public Health Service Act 351(k) BLA) within six months; or
- Who have submitted a Drug Master File (DMF) for an article to FDA; or
- Whose substance is or will be the subject of a Time and Extent Application or citizen petition to amend an FDA OTC drug monograph.





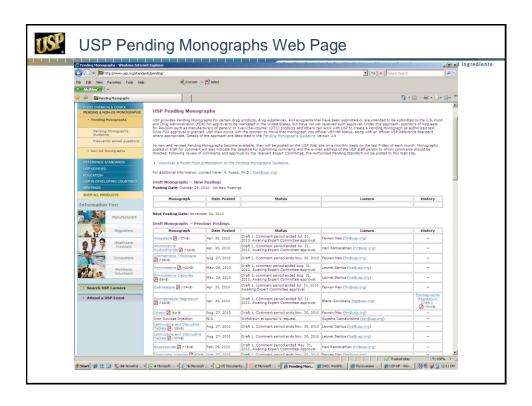
USP Pending Monographs: Current Status

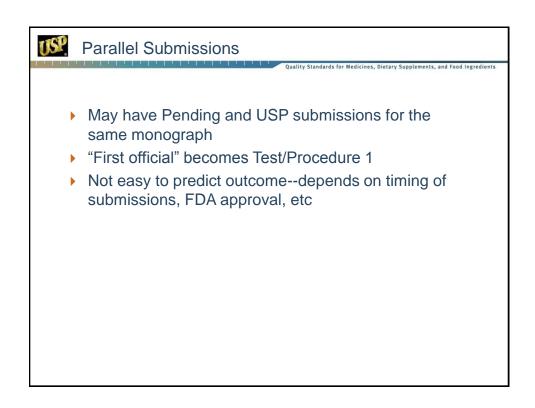
- Pending Monographs Advancing to USP–NF
 - -12 monographs have received full FDA approval and advanced to official USP text (in their entirety or specific sections)
- Authorized Pending Monographs
 - -48 Authorized monographs posted; sponsors waiting for full FDA approval
- Draft Pending Monographs
 - 15 Draft monographs posted for public comment



USP Pending Monographs Web Page

- USP Pending Monographs are posted on the USP web site at www.usp.org/standards/pending/
- Guideline is available on the web site
- Updated monthly (last Friday of the month, adjusted for holidays)







Comments and Commentary

- Interested parties may comment on any posted monograph at any time; deadlines observed for balloting purposes
- Regulatory status of commenter affects how the comments are handled
- Comments from Pending Manufacturer
 - Draft and Authorized Pending monographs may be revised, flexible approach possible
- Comments from FDA-approved manufacturer
 - Comments may be incorporated into the Pending monograph when it advances to official status
 - Commenter may opt to submit a parallel submission



Contact Information

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